The Platforms of the Democratic and Republican Parties. The Democratic Platform

Adopted JANUARY, 8th, A. D. 1867.

JANUARY, stb. A. D. 1867.

I. Preserved, That the D-morray of Ohio stead fastly others to the principles of the party as articles, and the property of the party as articles, and the property of the party as articles, and the property of t

amendment. It reads as follows:
Resolved. By the General Assembly of the State of Ohio, three-fifths of the members of the septer of the State of Ohio, three-fifths of the members and believe the theorem to contrast by President binouln, who, in the midst of the warring of the members of Conserses; by President Johnson, in various proclamations and official sources which permitted Andrew Johnson to sit in the Pounces who have been recognized and deficial sources which permitted Andrew Johnson to sit in the Pounces as Senstor from Transcesses, and members from Virginis. Tennessee and Louisians to sit in the House of Representatives after these States had seceeded, and walle the war was big carried on, and which further recognized then as States in the Union by the Coursaional apportionment act providing for their due representation in Congress, by various tax laws and e-pecially by the direct tax; by the resolutions and providing arriang the same recognized the United States, of the age of twenty-one years, who shall have been a resident of the State one year next preceding the election, and of the representation in Congress, by various tax laws and e-pecially by the direct tax; by the resolutions and providing arriang the same recognition; all of which were passed almost the attempted secsion of those States, by the Judiciary of the United States, which holds Federal Cours in all those States, and especially by the Supreme Court, which entertains jurisdiction of cases combanded the same recognition, all of which were passed almost the attempted secsion of the States, by the Judiciary of the United States, by the Judiciary of the United States, by the Judiciary of the United States, which holds Federal Cours in all those States, and especially by the Supreme Court, which entertains jurisdiction of cases combanded to the states of the Territorial condition; that therefore the exclusion by the so-called Congres, of all representation from ten States, the proposed exclusion of those States, from all voice in the next Presidential election, the threatened overthrow of their States to the condition of territories, are each and every me of them unconstitutional, revolutionary and described them the states, but also of the rights of every other States in the Union. That those measures are parts of a plan to unlift, the Constitution, virtually overthrow the State Governments, to erect a consolidated despetism on their rune; and to establish and perpetuate a tyrannical rule of a minority over a majority of the American people. That the people cannot, without a loss of their liberties, prospertly and honor, submit to such a result; and we, therefore, in the hope that the warning will be heeded, and the danger to our estuation be peaceably averted, do solomnly were the advocates of the plan, that it will not be submitted to.

3. Resolved, That Congress is not an omnipotent

Ist. That one of the great lessons of the war is hat the American people are a nation, and not netely a confederacy of sovereign and independent states.

2nd. That our existence as a nation is based on States.

2nd. That our existence as a nation is based on the great principles announced in the Declaration of Independence, vindicated by the proclamation of manacipation, the constitutional amendment abolishing elevary, and the spirit of republican democracy and justice which underlie the reconstruction policy of the Thirty-Ninth and Fortieth Congresses, which we hereby fully inderee and demand shall be stried into complete effect by every additional needed legislation.

must not be sliowed to shridge or take away.

4th. That, inbued with the spirit of true demonstrate, and believing that the powers necessary for the purpose of attaining the ends of Government ought not to be restricted to a privileged class, but about the restricted to a privileged class, but about to be restricted to a privileged class, but about a true of odose distinctions or qualifications or qualifications or qualifications or qualifications or qualifications or qualifications are in strict accordance with the spirit and tendency of medern cavilisation, see place our estees on the simple and broad platform of important manhood ingron to the strate property of medern cavilisation, are precised on the simple and broad platform of important manhood ingron to the strate property of the strate policy of the property of the first the ballot-box.

Sh. The Am rices people owe a lasting debt of ratificate the brare soldiers and ratiors who, in the late straggle for our national existence, no nobly about three thousand areactual deserters; or that of the other 24,000 nearly all were reenlisted veterans, who fought the rebellion from the beginning to its overthrow, and who, after the surrender of Lee and Johns-who, after the surrender of Lee and Johns-who, after the surrender of the regiments. Hence, muster of their regiments. Hence, muster of their regiments. Hence, are the surrender of the surr

ratitude to the brave soldiers and valiors who, in the late strongle for our national existence, no nobly fought for our liberties; and for the privations, sufferings and saorthees which they endured, the loyal men of Ohio he oby pledge to them and to the widows and orphans of those who fell in defense of the usit, our sympathies and substantial support. Bith That we approve and indorse the uflitary administration of our distinguished fellow citizen. Major General Phil. H. Sheridan, in Louisiana and Tesas, and pledge him and the military c mmanders in the several military districts of the South, the cordial support of the Union men of Ohio in their efforts to protect the loyel people of the late rebel Brates, and to necure the organization of loyal and constitutional governments in said States. Th. That we fully indorse and approve of the administration of our present Governor, J. D. Cox, and extend to him our hearty thanks for the faithful and able manner in which he discharged his official detice and sustained the credit and honor of our mobile State.

SIEBERT & LILLEY BOOK BINDERS,

BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURERS,

Daily Ohio Stätesman.

MEETINGS

Ohio Politics from a New York Standpoint. Below we give, without comment, the

localities, male citizens vote who can swear that they have more white than black in their blood. In other words, mulatto, or colored is white, seconding to Republican

theory and practice.

This big-bellied amendment of the Constitution flies in the face of the Constitutional provision (Article 16, section 1), that "when more than one amendment shall be submitted at the same time, they shall be so submitted as to enable the electors to vote on each amendment separately." Now this suffrage amendment con-

therefore, in the hope that the warning will be heeded, and the danger to our situation be peaceshly averied, do solemnly warn the advocates of the plan, that it will not be submitted to.

2. Resolved, That Congress is not an omnipotent law-making power. That the Constitution provides that no bill shall become a law without the approval of the President, unless it has peaced by two-thirds of each House of Congress. That one of the objects of the present so-called Congress in excluding States from representation, is to pass bills by a two-thirds wide which, were all the State represented, could not so pass; and thus to virtually abolish the constitution provision aforesaid. That if this presedent be acquiesced in, there will be nothing to prevent a bare majority of Congress, at any time in the future, from nullifying the constitutional vate of the President and usurping ancourtical engine is settly the control, and a pretext for such an exclusion would not be wanting to an unscrupulous and revolutionary party.

4. Resolved, That the people, and especially those of the surroultural States, have suffered too long the exactions of hish protective tariffs, and as the representatives of an agricultural and laboring population, we demand that their substance shall no longer be extorted from t em in order to fill the pockets of essenter menopolists.

5. Resolved, That unequal taxation is contrary to Resolved. That unequal taxation is contrary to first principles of justice and sound policy, and all necessary Constitutional means to remedy evil.

Resolved. That the Radical majority in the solved. That the Radical majority in the solved Congress have proved themselves to be in or of Negro Suffrage by foreing it upon the people of the congress have proved themselves to be in or of Negro Suffrage by foreing it upon the people of the closely contest decounties in the this evil:

8. Resolved. That the Radical majority in the socalled Congress have proved themselves to be in
favor of Nagro Suffrage by foreing it upon the people of the District of Columbia against their a most
unanimous wish, solemnly expressed at the polls, by
foreing it upon the people of the State
by their various devices to coerce the people of the
bouth to adopt it; that we are opposed to Negro
Engrape, bettering it would be producted of evil to
both whites and blacks, and tend to produce a dis
assivus confists of races.

7. Resolved, That for all their efforts to upbold
the Constitution we tender to the President and to
the majority of the Judges of the Supreme Court of
the United States our hearty thanks. Suffrage Delivering it would be productive of sed to both whites and blacks, and tend to produce a district conflict of races.

7. Resolved, That for all their efforts to upbold the Constitution. The subject was reconsidered, however, and the Radical members the majority of the Judges of the Supreme Court of the United States our hearty thanks.

Republican Planform Adopted

Jame 19, 1867.

Republican Planform Adopted States our hearty heart have a subject was reconsidered, however, and the Radical members commenced holding knightly caucuses to while in the disuffected. In the meantime, the meantime of the subject was reconsidered, however, and the Radical members of the United States our hearty thanks.

Republican Planform Adopted States our hearty thanks. brethren. Finally it was agreed that negro suffrage should be sugar-coated with hate to the whites, and so the clause disfran-

diers of Ohio was forced on members under protest. Both Governor Cox and Adjutant-General Cowen were opposed to the amendment. Two years ago the Governor expressed his decided opinion against the contact of the races. He had unfitted himself by these expressions for the candidacy of 1867. He races. He had unfitted himself by these expressions for the candidacy of 1867. He was opposed to the amendment also, because of local purposes, and a National divergence of local purposes, and a National divergence of local purposes, and while second the disfranchising clause. The books of the Adjutant-General show that intering and human rights constitute our great lational boon, which local or State organizations must not be allowed to abridge or take away.

chising about twenty-five thousand sol-

against the poor. During the last draft. nany men who were too poor to procure substitutes, secreted themselves to avoid the Provost Marshals. Those who had money bought a substitute. This amendment then, in a few words, disfranclises about twenty-four thousand white soldiers in order to allow about seven thousand negroes to tote. A number of prominent Radicals denounced it, and the Cincinnati Commercial called on the Radical State Convention to repudicts this bundle. repudiate this bungling work of the Leg-

islature, but they did not.

It is this amendment which has recently ceived the go-by at the hands of the Re ublican committee. It is conceded by the Republicans that it will be defeated. If so, we cannot understand why the party which fathers it should not share its fate. Another local issue in Ohio, very near akin to a similar issue in New York, is the Metropolitan Police bill. The Radicals of Ohio have faithfully copied the New York policy—omitting none of its detects. The first bill presented was one applying to Cleveland only. The Radicals teared that that city would become Democratic. They wanted the police in their own hands; hence the law giving the SUBSCRIPTION SOOK PUBLISHERS,

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LOUVE COLUMBUS OHIO.

Wanted the poince in their own hands; hence the law giving the appointment of four police commissioners to the Governor. The act was amended last winter, so as to include Columbus, Dayton and Toledo in its provisions—all Democratic cities—while Cincinnati was excepted, because the ReCOLUMBUS, O., TUESDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 24, 1867.

publicans have a majority there. The peo-ple of Columbus did not like it, and applied for and obtained an injunction restraining precious virtues." these commissioners from acting under the law. It is the meanest and smallest piece soldiers were robbed of the bread that had been generously provided for them. This was done by Radicals, in order to cover up

issues the vigorous efforts of Thurman, Ranney, Jewett, Morgan, Pendleton, Reeme-lin, McCook, Van Trump, Le Blond and Hurd ought to redeem Ohio from the thrall of Radicalism; and so fighting we bid them God speed.

(From the New York Herald of Friday.) EGRO SUFFRAGE IN OHIO-THE MAIN QUES-TION WITH MR. CHASE, AND THE PROBA-

The political campaign in Ohio, in view of the coming October election, is becom-ing very lively and intensely interesting. From our observing correspondence in that field, and from the discussion of the party press on both ides throughout the State it is abundantly manifest that, while the Republicans are considerably frightened, the democrats are highly elated with the prospect before them.

Chief Justice Chase, we conclude, shares in the apprehensions of his followers; for it appears that he is en route to Ohio, and will remain there till after the election.— And why not, when his interest in the re-sult is greater than that of any other o our aspiring and scheming politicians? He holds now the whip hand of his party for the Presidential succession; but it his own State, with its Republican majority of some forty-three thousand last year, is turned against him, he must be withdrawn, as a horse too badly crippled to be entered for the Presidential sweepstakes. Naturally enough, therefore, Mr. Chase goes to Ohio to do his best to save himself in la-boring to save his party in this impending October election. Doubtless he has not only been thoughtfully calculating the bearings of the late California and Maine elections, but has had a call from his triends to come up to the rescue against the threatening hosts of the Pullistines, the Moabites, the Amalekites and the Egyp-tlans—a truly alarming coalition of hostile

The issue of the great constitutional amendment, upon which the republicans last year swept the North as by a whirlwind, has been cast aside by Congress and the party, and the new national issue has been substituted of universal negro suffrage, with all the dangerous consequences which must surely follow the experiment of negro supremacy in the rebel States Various side issues have also sprung up including some financial propositions lookoverthrow of Mr. Chase's slipshod, unjust, oppressive and corrupting paper money system, and embracing, too, some hostile movements within the republi-can lines against those Puritanical liquor laws which interdict the dispensing of lager beer on Sunday. The democrats of Ohio, upon this Sunday lager question alone, ex-pect German reinforcements in this fight to the number of thirty thousand; and from the vote of this city in our last No ember election, involving this lager beer nterpolation, we should not be surprised at a similar manifestation in Ohio.

But the main question upon which the political tortunes of Mr. Chase are now de-pending is the question of negro suffrage, which is distinctly before the people of Ohio in the shape of an amendment to the State Constitution. This may be set down, together with his paper money system, as his whole political capital—a capital stock of formidable strength. But powerful as is the political machinery he may control through the agencies of his financial system, especially his national banks, Mr. Chase must succeed in Ohio upon this main issue of negro suffrage, or his Presidential programme will fall to the ground. There are, we believe, only some eight or ten thousand negroes in the State who will be affected by this proposed extension of the affected by this proposed extension of the suffrage to their race on a footing of equal-ty; but the general principle involved, and the consequences to which it may lead in our political affairs, have awakened such a widespread and active opposition that the result in Ohio may at least be considered as

extremely doubtful. It is generally conceded that if the Republicans carry the State on their candidate for Governor. General Hayes, it will be by a greatly reduced majority; but the election of Hayes will not save the Chief Justice. On the separate proposition of negro equality in the matter of suffrag his fate as a Presidential candidate de ends. The impression seems to prevail, owever, that this proposition will be rejected by the people of Ohio, and by a decided majority against it, like that in Connectiout two years ago. If it shall so turn out in the model Radical State of Ohio, then we may say that not only may Mr. Chase be considered as thrown out of the Presidential fight, but Congress will be fairly warned to choose between a return to the Constitutional Amendment, which it has abandoned, and the alternative of an overwhelming defeat in 1868 upon Mr. Chase's financial system, and upon the equally untenable ground of universal negro suffrage and negro supremacy.

Worth Better than Show.

A young Oriental prince was visiting at the castle of a duke in one of the finest counties in England. He looked from his window into a beautiful garden, and in-haled the fragrance which was wafted towards him by the gentle breath of June. "What exquisite perfume!" he cried "Bring me, I pray you, the flower that so delights my sense. See you stately stalk, bearing on its shaft those gorgeous lilles, whose snowy petals are veined with blood red lines and with violet shade; that is un-doubtedly the plant I seek."

They brought him the curious lily of Africa. "Its odor is nauseating," he said. Bring me that flower of a hue so much deeper and richer than even the beautiful roses of my own fair land. See how it glows like flame. Surely a rich odor hould distill from that regal plant."

It was a dahlia, and its scent was ever

less agreeable than that of the lily.
"Can it be then, the large white blossoms clustered on yonder bush, or the blue cups on the neighboring shed?" he asked. No, the snow ball and campanula proved alike worthless. Various plants yielded their odorless buds or broad petals for his inspection. But he found not what he

ught. "Surely it must be that golden ball," he said, "for so showy a bloom should at least charm the nostril as the eye." "Faugh!" It was marigold. At length they placed in his hand a wee

brown blossom.

"So unpretending a t'.mg as this cannot surely be that for which I seek," exclaimed the prince with a vexed air. "This appears to be nothing better than a weed." He cautiously listed it to his face.

"Is it possible?" he cried. "Is it really this unobtrasive brown weed which gives forth so precious an odor? What's the control of the rown blossom.

forth so precious an odor? Why it hangs over the whole garden, and comes fanning in at my window like the very breath of health and purity. What is the name of this little darling?"

In at my window like the very breath of health and purity. What is the name of this little darling?"

"Precisely that, your highness," answered his attendant. "This flower is called mignonette, or the little darling."

"Wonderful!" repeated the astonished prince, placing it in his bosom.

"Thus your highness perceives," remark-

The Rad. Meeting.

of political villainy ever conceived by Ohio Radicalism. The Cincinnati Commercial denounced this bill as unworthy any respectable party of men. It is in glaring contrast with the Democratic principles of local and municipal self-government.

Another local question concerns the Soldiers' Relief Fund. If the Democracy succeed in Ohio on the 8th of October, the Radicals may refer to this as one of the causer of the country, that there were lost them, there were not the number of persons present from the country, that there were ceed in Ohio on the 8th of October, the Radleals may refer to this as one of the causes
of their defeat. The Legislature of Ohio,
in the winter of 1862, passed a law, authorlzing a tax for the relief of the necessitous
families of soldiers. Under this law, nearly
\$2,000,000 had accumulated in the treasury.
When the last General Assembly met, in
June, 1866, the Auditor found that provision had not been made for paying the interest on the State debt and other floating
indebtedness during the war. So the Legsions by the country, that there were
at the Democratic meeting of the day before. All of the display was made
by the negroes. The negro band was elegantly attired in blue cloth uniform and
hauled about the city in a fine band wagon drawn by richly caparisoned steeds,
while the white band (from Greenfield)
were hauled about like bagyage in a common transfer wagon, and were compelled
to discontinue playing on one or two occasions by the black band coming up and terest on the State debt and other floating indebtedness during the war. So the Legislature transferred \$500 000 of the Soldiers' Relief Fund, in violation of the State Constitution (which requires that all moneys shall be appropriated to the purposes for which they were levied), to the Sinking Fund. Thus the widows and orphans of soldiers were robbed of the bread that had soldiers were robbed of the bread that had

Democratic County Meetings. It the large and enthusiastic county was done by Radicals, in order to cover up their own delinquencies in office.

The Democrats of Ohio, upholding honesty, economy, and self-government in their State affairs and the sound principles of their party in federal politics, have thus, it would seem, issues enough to keep their opponents on the defensive. Upon these issues the viscous and expect certain victory at the coming election. During the last two weeks meetings have been held in almost every township in the county issues the viscous and expect of the proposed and all were well attended. Forton Description in almost every township in the county and all were well attended.—Kenton Dem-

THE French, who are great in inventing novelties, have recently patented a "coffin with bells," for cases of premature burial. To people who are fearful of being buried alive, this device must be an inexpressible consolation. It is somewhat doubtful, however, in what way the merits of the in-vention can be tested, unless the inventor is willing to coffin himself and be buried in a deep grave, to see how the affair will work, and even if this is successful, the chance of any one being near in cases of ordinary burial, to hear the tinkling of the bells, must be slight indeed, and their action, to prove effectual, must be very

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Have just opened a new Merchant Tailoring estab NO. 58 NORTH HIGH STREET Where they have one of the finest stocks of

WAUSEON, Fulton county, Tuesday, Sept. 24th, with Hons, D. S. Uhl and Wm. Lang. BRYAN, Williams county, Wednesday, Sept. 25th. with Hons, D. S. Uhl and W. D. Hill, Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings Ever opened in this city. Also a choice selection of ANTWERP, Paulding county, Friday, Sept. 27th with Hons, D. S. Uhl and W. D. Hill. GENTS! FURNISHING GOODS.

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Pat'ned Improve FRENCH YOKE SHIRTS WARRANTED TO

CINCINNATI, Wednesday evening October2d, with Hon Wm. B. Finck. BATAVIA, Clermont county, Thursday, October 3d, with Hon. Wm. E. Finck. LANCASTER, Fairfield county, Friday, Oct. 4th SOMERSET, Perry county, Saturday, Uctober 5th, with Hons, P. Van Trump and C. D. Martin. FIT. Hon. H. J. Jewett. At CLEVELAND, Tuesday evening, September 24th, with Hou. Frank H. Hurd and others. Hon. Wm. Lang.

Fred. Bell. Hon. P. Van Trump. At SOUTH SOLON, Madison county, Tuesday September 24th, with E. F. Bingham, 103 SOUTH HIGH STREET. E. B. Esbelman. And at WHOLESALE only by At LONDON, Madison county, Tuesday evening BALLOU BROTHERS

Hon. Geo. L. Converse and Judge W. R. Rankin MIDWAY, Madison county, Saturday, Sept. 28th. Hon. L. R. Critchfield Matt. Martin, Esq., and Col. B. Burns, PLEASANT VALLEY, Madison county, Wed-nesday, Oct. 2d.

JNO. G. THOMPSON, Chairman. E. B. ESHELMAN, Secretary. T. ALLEN.

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DEMOCRATIC

FOR SEPTEMBER.

A CORRECTED LIST.

The following is a carefully revised and

corrected list of Democratic Mass Meetings

MILLEPSBURG, Holmes count. Tuesday, Sept. 24th, Hons. Geo. H. Pendleton and A. G. Thur-

WAUSEON, Fulton county, Tuesday, Septembe 24th, Hons, Wm. Lang and F. C. LeBlond.

MT. VERNON, Knox county, Thursday, Sept 26th, Hons, Geo. H. Pendleton and A. G. Thur

ANTWERP Paulding county, Friday, Sept. 97th Hons, D. S. Uhl, F. C. Lebtond and W. D. Hill

NEWARK, Friday, Sept. 27, Honz. George H. Pen-dleton and A. G. Thurman.

GALION. Crawford county, Friday Sept. 27th Hons. C. L. Vallandigham and and C. L. Lama

LOGAN, Hocking county, Wednesday, October 2d, Hon. C. L. Vallandigham,

LOVELAND, Clermont county, Thursday: Oct. 3, Hons. Goo. H. Pendleton and P. Van Trump.

Judge Thurman's Appointments.

MANSFIELD, Richland county, Wednesday, Sep-tember 25th, with Hon, Geo. H. Pendleton,

COSHOCTON, Coshocton county, Saturday, Sep-tember 28th, with M. N. Odell,

WASHINGTON, Fayette county, Saturday, Oct. 5th, with Col. George W. Andrews and Hon. Nel-son Barrere.

Hon. George H. Pendleton's Ap-

pointments.

MANSFIELD, Richland county, Wednesday, Sectember 25th, with Hon. A. G. Thurman.

ZANESVILLE, Muskingum county, Saturday evening, September 28th,

Hon. C. L. Vallandigham's Ap-

pointments.

General Durbin Ward

Will address the following night meetings

Child COTHE, Ross county, Tuesday evening

CIRCLEVILLE, Pickaway county, Wednesday

evening, Saptember 2011, ZANESVILLE, Muskingum county, Thursday eve

Amos Layman's Appointments.

COSHOCTON, Coshocton county, Saturday, Sept. 28th, with Judge Thurman and M. N. Odell.

LOVELAND, Clermont county, Thursday, Oct 3d with Hon. Goo, H. Pendleton and Hon. Frank H.

Judge P. Van Trump's Appoint-

For German Meetings.

TOLEDO, Wednesday evening, Sept. 25th.

WAUSEON, Tuesday evening, Sept. 24th.

DAYTON Thursday evening, Sept. 26th.

COLUMBUS, Friday evening, Sept. 27th.

FREMONT, Tuesday evening, Sept. 24th. TOLEDO, Wednesday evening, Sept. 25th.

NAPOLECN, Friday evening, Sept. 27th.

VAN WERT, Saturday evening, Sept. 28th.

Hop. H. J. Bochmer

PERRYSBURG, Thursday evening, Sept. 26th.

Hon. Chas Follett

BEVERLY, Washington county, Saturday, Sep

ADDITIONAL APPOINTMENTS.

The Democratic State Executive Committee announce the following additional

CHRISTIANSBURG, Miami county, Friday, Sept. 27th. Speakers-Hon. Chas. Follett and Col. H

Hon. F. C. LeBlond's Appoint-

Hon. R. P. Ranney

At DELAWARE, Saturday, Oct. 5th, with Col. B. Burns.

Hon. Wm. Mungen

Will speak with speakers heretofore announced, at the following meetings:

Gen. Geo. W. Morgan's Appoint-

ments. WEST MANCHESTER, Preble county, Tuesday,

At COLUMBUS, Friday evening, Oct. 4th.

ments.

appointments for mass meetings:

MASS

for September:

1867.

NO. 32.

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107 & 109.

BRYAN, Williams county, Wednesday, September 25th, Hons. D. S. Uhl, F. C. LeBlond and W. D. TOWN STREET

Would call the attention of the Trade to their full VAN WERT, Van Wert county, Saturday, Sep-tember 28th, Hons. D. S. Uhl, F. C. LeBlond and W. D. Hill.

ENGLISH & FRENCH Fancy Goods. Hosiery,

Gloves, Dress Buttons and Trimmings.

THE SCIOTO VALLEY

CIRCLEVILLE, Pickaway co., Tuesday Oct. 1st with Col. George W. Andrews, Hon. K. Hutche-son and Hon. P. Van Trump. CHILLICOTHE, Ross county, Wednesday, Oct. 2d, with Hon. Nelson Barrere and Col. George W. Andrews. GREENFIELD, Highland county. Thursday, Oct. 3d, (instead of Hillshoro'ss heretofore announced with Col. George W. Andrews and Hon. Neisor Barrero. SHOE THREADS

All of their own Importation -ALSO-Domestic Woolens, Cloths, Cassi

meres, Jeans and Tweeds, Balmoral Skirts, Germantown Knit Goods, ORVILLE, Wayne county, Saturday, September 28th, with Col. C. N. Lamison.

Men's, Women's and Children's HOSE,

And a full line of YANKEE NOTIONS.

An examination of Stock and Prices solie

SHERIFF'S

CIRCLEVILLE, Tuesday, October 1st, with Judge LOVELAND. Thursday, October 3d, with Hon George H. Pendleton. PROCLAMATION!

Hon. Wm. Lang's Appointment THE QUALIFIED VOTERS OF Some changes having been made in Mr. Lang's appointments, the following are 8th Day of October, A. D. 1867,

and vote for the following officers, to-wit: Governor; Lieuteuant Governor; Trea-urer of State, Auditor of State, Auditor of State, Will address German meetings as follows

One Storney venera;
One Surreine Judge;
time Compired! rof the Treasury;
One Member of Heard of Public Works;
One State Senator;
T=0 Representatives;
One Sheriff; Auditor; Freasurer of County; Additional Appointments for Hon Frank H. Hurd. One Recorder; One Commissioner; One Columnsioner;
One Ceroser, and
One Infirmary Director.
Also, vote for or against an Amendment to the
State Constitution provided for by resolution of the
Geograf Assembly of the State of Ohio, passed
April 6-b, A. D. 1867
The Trustees of the several Townships are required to return to the Clerk of the Court the names of
the following number of Jurors: CLEVELAND, Tuesday evening. Sept. 24th, with Hon. Ceo. L. Converse

GARRETTSVILLE, Portage county, Wednes-day, Sept. 25th, with Hon. Gev. L. Conyerse. ELYRIA. Lorain county, Thursday, Sept. 26th with Hon. Geo. L. Converse. NEW HAVEN, Huron county, Friday, Sept. 27th, with Hon. Goo. L. Converse to return number of Jurors: e following number of Jurors: ity & Montgomery Tp40 Perry ASHLAND, Ashland county, Saturday, Sept. 28th, with Hon. Geo. L. Converse. The Democratic State Executive Committee announce the tollowing appoint-DAYTON, Friday evening, September 27th Speaker Hon, H J, Jewett.

Given under my hand and seal, this 16th

[SEAL.] day of September, A. J. 1867.

WILLIAM DOMIGAN,
Sheriff of Franklin County, Ohio. COLUMBUS, Monday evening, September 30th Speaker Hon, C. L. Vallandigham. COLUMBUS, (West Front State House), Monday evening, October 7th, Speakers Judge Thurman and others.

AT DAYTON, Tuesday evening, September 24th. Hon. W. E. Finck and Wm. H. Notice to Bridge Contractors. At McCONNELSVILLE, Morgan county, Friday

AUDITUR'S OFFICE, PICKAWAY COUNTY, CHRISTONIE, O., Sept. 9, 1867. SEALED PROPUSALS WILL BE RE-Monany, the 7th day of October, 1867, for the construction of a Bridge across the Scioto river at or near Lindsey's Ferry, two miles north Plans and specifications will be on file in said ffice on and after the 5th day of Set tember. office on and after the 2th day of Set tember.

Separate bids will be received for the Massoury
and Superstructure. Massoury by the perch of 25
fest: Superstructure per lines foot.

Approved bonds will be required for the performance of said work.

The right to reject any or all bids if to the interest
of the county to do so is reserved.

Proposals should be ender-ed on the envelope,
"Proposals in Scioto River Bridge," and directed
to the County Auditor. B. Wilson.

MARYSVILLE, Union county, Saturday, Sept 28.h. Speakers—Hen. Chas. Follett and Col. H. B. Wilson. Proposals for Science and the County Auditor. WILLIAM BOWMAN.

NUTTING'S PATENT WHEEL PLOW VAN WERT, Van Wert county, Saturday, Sept. 28th, with Hons, D. S. Uhl and W. D. Hill. IS BOUND TO HAVE AS LARGE A Is so as any farming implement new before the American people. Has been tested for months and not found wanting. Any Flow can te attached to this Machine. Sendfor circular with test onial of ex-fivernor John A. King and other relebrities. Country of State Rights seld in any part of the United States.

The new PAPENT BAG HOLDER is emphatically the farmer's and grain deder's friend. Desthe work of two boys in holding a big open, and with it a farmer can be up grain, pota ces, appear, a c, as fast as two in the ordinary way. Having large sales in the West where first introduced. Restail price \$5. Sent to any any address. Count or State R ghts in Ohio, Pennsylvania and New York State for sale on the Bag Holder and good supplied. Send for illust atted circular. The e is a good pay-VAN WERT, Van Wert county Saturday, Sept.

sopt9-d2w

augle-d3in BENNETT JOHNSON & CO., NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

Send for illust ated circular. The e is a good paying bu iness to be done in either. Territory sold at low prices.

The Columbus & Hocking Valley Railroad Company. At CINCINNATI, in German, Saturday evening

Columbus, Ohio, August 20th ,1867.

AT A MEETING OF THE DIRECTOR of this Company, held on the 17th inst. twas Resolved. That the resolution adopted on theses Resolved. That the resolution adopted on the second of May last, requiring an installment of Five Dollars to be paid on each share of the stock subscribed, on the tenth of each succeeding month, be so modified as to require the payment of but Two Dollars and bifty Lents per share per menth on all installments due after the tenth of Sectember next, said installments to be paid to the same persons mentioned it said original resolution, with the addition of Henry Long, at his stren Groveport.

J. J. JANNEY.

aug21-d3taw4w Sacretary and Treasurer.

Spring Goods SWAYZE & PARSONS. MERCHANT TAILORS AND DEALERS IN Cents' Furnishing Goods,

O. 154 SOL TH HIGH STREET Opposite United States Hotel COLUMBUS, OHIO. THEY ARE NOW RECTIVING A large and splendid stock of SPRING GOODS sonsisting of

RATES OF ADYPRISING. Tenlines of Nonparell, or M inch space, constitute a square.

DALLY—For each insertion, per square, 75 cents;
Notices of Deaths, 50 cents; Notices of Marriagos,
50 cents; Religious Notices, 50 cents. Advertisements inserted every other day, every third day, and
once a week, will be charged \$1 00 per square, each
insertion. Business Notices in Lecal column, 25
cents per line for each insertion. No Notice less
than \$1.00.

Werkly—\$1.50 per square each insertion. Business than \$1.00.

WEERLY-\$1.50 per square each insertion. Business Notices, 50 cents per line each insertion. No Notice less than \$2.00. Legal advertisoments will be charged regular rates.

All *funsions* advertisements must be paid for at the time they are ordered.

BUSINESS CARDS.

P. HAYDEN. JOB. HUTCHESON. W. R. HAYDEN. HAYDEN, HUTCHESON & CO., BANKERS,

NO. 13 SOUTH HIGH STREET,

Columbus, Ohio, A RE PREPARED TO DO A GENERAL Banking business, receive deposits, par able on demand, loan Money, buy and reli Exchang

and make Collections.

Buy at liberal rates Gold and Silver, Gold Coupons and Compound Interest Notes.

Bus and sell all kinds of Government Securities and Ohio State Bonds. Convert 7 3-10 Notes into 5-20 Bonds, and fill orders for the purchase, sale or exchange of any kind of courities on the most favorable turms,

SALOON AND RESTAURANT AUGUST MENNEBO,

No. 13 West Broad Street Importer of Fine Liquors & Cigars, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

WHISKY, BRANDY, WINE, Liquors of all Kinds.

TEN YEAR OLD SOURHON WHIS-ky. Thirty barrels pure 10 years old Bourbon Whisky. Also, twenty-five barrels pure 8 to 10 Monongahela Whisky, of the best brands. Will be sold by the demijohn keg or barrel; also, all kinds of Wines and other Liquors, by

LACELLE, BOSS & CO., L. C. BAILEY. J. G THOM PRON. B. E. SMITE BAILEY. THOMPSON & CO.

BANKERS. No. 274 S. High St., Columbus, O **GENERAL BANKING AND COLLECTION BUSINESS**

to and remitted for on the day of paymen may 28-d6m-june 23 WEST. O'HARRA. G. W. CAMPBELL. H.BARBER

(Successors to J. & L. Zettler,) WHOLESALE AND ESTAIL DEALERS IN

Foreign and Domestic Groceries, PRODUCE, WATER LIME, FINE LIQUORS. PLASTER, &c., &c.

july21-dif COLUMBUS, OHIO PROFESSIONAL.

COR. FOURTH & FRIEND STS.

M. H. MARN, ATTORNEY AT LAW No. 117 South High St., nov29-dlyl UP STAIRS.

S. W. ANDREWS, Attornevat Law. OFFICE-In the Enckeye Block. CORNER OF HIGH AND BROAD STREETS Entrance on High street. may21-dly

SAUL S. HENKLE. ATTORNEY AT LAW, COLUMBUS, O. WILL PRACTICE IN THE SUPHEMB and Inferior Courts, and will collect claims against the State and Federal Government.

OFFICE-No. 37 East State street, opposite the State House.

Inovi7-dly

GEO. W. ANDREWS, Attorney and Counsellor at Law WAPAKONETA, Auglaize Co., O. Practices in the Cour of Westerr Ohio

PALL AND WINTER CLOTHING.

mah8-if

I am now in receipt of the largest, most complete and best selected stock of MEN AND BOYS' CLOTHING Ever brought to this city, which will be sold at the cery towned prices.

BLACK CLOTH SUITS, SILK MIXED SUITS, BEAVER SUITS,

BEAVER & CHINCHILLA OVERCOATS.

My stock of Cloths, Cassimores and Vestings has been selected with special care, and for quality and variety is une-FRENCH CLOTHS. SCOTCH CASSIMERES,

ITALIAN CLOTHS. F. & H. COATINGS, TRICOTS, ALL COLORS, SCOTCH FRIEZE.

OVERCOATINGS, &c. The Merchant Tailoring Department is under the irection of Mr. A. B. Chinasian, a competent and

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

Embracing every article of comfort or adoramer

JOS. GUNDER SHEIMER, 50 LARGE CHEAP LOTS IN MIDDLETOWN, WEST OF THE

Saturday Afternoon, Sept. 28th. Six new houses connecte, with stables and wells, on low 60 feet by 200 feet.

Offered on the premines west of the Heeting Valley Raironad and South of Rich street, lately occupied as a comfield by John L. Gill. A House to be Secured by Every Workingman,

Being only a few minutes walk from all the city factories foundries and inachine shops, while the Hocking Valley Kailroad propose arcering their depot and toad shops on the river, which will be bridged for footmen.

The School Beard have purchased lots in the viscinity and will creek a school house next syring.

Private sales made at any the Apply to the proprietor.

Ambos Building, No. 69 High street.

AG A cordial invitation to inspect goods and prices is extended to all.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, FANCY COATINGS, Etc., to which they invite the attention of the citizens of Columbus. Also, a few lots for sale in the eastern and southern parts of the city. sep18-dawin

Foreign and Domestic Exchange, Germen: Bonds, Coin and Uncurrent Money. O'HARRA, CAMPBELL & BARBER